

**2023/TDC(CBCS)/ODD/SEM/
HISDSE-501T (A/B/C/D)/298**

TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2023

HISTORY

(5th Semester)

Course No. : HISDSE-501T

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Candidates have to answer *either* from
Option—A or Option—B or Option—C or Option—D

OPTION—A

Course No. : HISDSE-501T (A)

[History of Great Britain (1688-1784)]

SECTION—A

Answer *twenty* questions, selecting any *four* from
each Unit : 1×20=20

Unit—I

1. Mention one feature of the Glorious Revolution.

2. Write one provision of the Bill of Rights.
3. Mention one provision of the Act of Settlement (1701).
4. Name a political party that played a central role in the Glorious Revolution.
5. Who was Walpole?

Unit—II

6. Who was the monarch of Great Britain during the War of American Independence?
7. Who was George Washington?
8. Which treaty ended the Revolutionary War between Great Britain and the United States?
9. Which foreign power assisted the American revolutionaries during the War of American Independence?
10. Who was Napoleon Bonaparte?

Unit—III

11. What is meant by Mercantile system?
12. What do you understand by the Industrial Revolution?
13. Name one colony of Britain.
14. What do you understand by the term 'Agrarian Revolution'?
15. Name one invention that brought about a transformation in industry in the 18th century.

Unit—IV

16. Write one cause that led to the rise of capitalism in Britain.
17. Name the founder of the Methodist Movement in Britain.
18. Name one leader of the Evangelical Movement.
19. What do you mean by 'Bourgeoisie'?
20. Name one peasant leader of Britain.

Unit—V

21. In which year was the Act of Union passed?
22. State one change brought by the Act of Union.
23. Who were the Hanoverians?
24. Who was the first Hanoverian king of England?
25. When did George III become the king of England?

SECTION—B

Answer *five* questions, selecting *one* from each

Unit :

2×5=10

Unit—I

26. Why is the Revolution of 1688 called the Glorious Revolution?
27. What is the Cabinet system?

Unit—II

28. What was the Boston Tea Party?
29. Mention one impact of the War of American Independence on the British politics.

Unit—III

30. Mention two causes of the Industrial Revolution.
31. Write two causes of the Agrarian Revolution.

Unit—IV

32. State two factors that brought about changes in English society during the 18th century.
33. Mention two factors that led to the growth of the capitalist class in Britain.

Unit—V

34. Mention two terms of the Act of Union.
35. Mention two major events in Britain during the reign of George III.

SECTION—C

Answer *five* questions, selecting *one* from each

Unit :

8×5=40

Unit—I

36. Discuss the causes and results of the Glorious Revolution.
37. Discuss the impact of the Bill of Rights and the Act of Settlement on Great Britain.

Unit—II

38. Discuss the causes of the American War of Independence.
39. Examine the role played by Britain in the struggle against Napoleon Bonaparte.

Unit—III

40. What were the factors leading to the Industrial Revolution?
41. Review the impact of Agrarian Revolution on Britain.

Unit—IV

42. Analyze the features of transformation of the British society during the period of your study.
43. Give a brief description of the condition of peasantry and urban working classes in Britain during the period of your study.

Unit—V

44. Give a brief description of the Union of England and Scotland.
45. Give an account of the reign of George III.

OPTION—B

Course No. : HISDSE-501T (B)

[**History of China (1839-1982)**]

SECTION—A

Answer *twenty* questions, selecting any *four* from
each Unit : 1×20=20

Unit—I

1. "Canton Commercial System is associated with the history of China." Is this statement true?
2. Which European country did introduce opium to China?
3. Name an article of trade that was exported from China to Europe.
4. Which treaty ended the First Opium War in 1842?
5. By which treaty did the British obtain the territory of Hongkong from China?

Unit—II

6. Name the dynasty of China against which the Taiping Revolt took place.

7. Who led the Taiping Rebellion?
8. Which major city in China was captured by Taiping rebels?
9. Which was the capital of China during the Boxer Rebellion?
10. Which Chinese Emperor undertook the Hundred Days' Reform?

Unit—III

11. Which revolution did end the rule of the Manchu Dynasty in China?
12. Mention any one of the 'three principles' of Sun Yat-sen.
13. Who did become the leader of the Kuomintang after the death of Sun Yat-sen?
14. In which year did the May Fourth Movement take place in China?
15. What was the main cause of the May Fourth Movement?

Unit—IV

16. When did the Chinese Civil War begin?
17. Who was the leader of the Kuomintang during the Civil War in China during 1945–1949?
18. Who was Mao Tse-Tung?
19. When did the Cultural Revolution start in China?
20. In which year did the Cultural Revolution finally come to an end in China?

Unit—V

21. When was the new Constitution of the People's Republic of China adopted?
22. Name the leader who proclaimed the establishment of the People's Republic of China in 1949.
23. Who was the leader of the Kuomintang Government in Taiwan in 1949?
24. Mention one important characteristics of the new Constitution of China.
25. Which political party did enjoy the supreme position in China?

SECTION—B

Answer *five* questions, selecting *one* from each

Unit :

2×5=10

Unit—I

- 26.** Mention two features of the Canton Commercial System.
- 27.** Name any two 'treaty ports' opened for foreign trade in China after the First Opium War.

Unit—II

- 28.** State two objectives of the Taiping rebels.
- 29.** Mention two causes of the failure of the Boxer Rebellion.

Unit—III

- 30.** Who is known as the Father of modern China? Who was his successor?
- 31.** Mention two objectives of the Kuomintang after 1911.

Unit—IV

32. Mention two consequences of the Chinese Civil War.
33. Name two members of the Gang of Four during the Cultural Revolution in China.

Unit—V

34. Mention any two nationalities of China.
35. When did Mao Tse-Tung die? Who became the paramount leader of China in 1978?

SECTION—C

Answer *five* questions, selecting *one* from each

Unit :

8×5=40

Unit—I

36. Give an overview of the Canton Commercial System.
37. Discuss briefly the causes of the First Opium War.

Unit—II

38. Narrate the circumstances that led to the Taiping Rebellion of 1851-64.

39. Critically discuss the Reforms of 1898 in China.

Unit—III

40. Discuss briefly the life and achievements of Sun Yat-sen.
41. Make an estimate of Chiang Kai-shek and the Kuomintang Party.

Unit—IV

42. Make an estimate of Mao Tse-Tung as the maker of modern China.
43. Critically discuss the nature and significance of the Cultural Revolution in China.

Unit—V

44. Discuss briefly the Chinese revolutionary legacy.
45. Analyze the features of the new Constitution of China, 1982.

OPTION—C

Course No. : HISDSE-501T (C)

[**History of Europe (1789-1914)**]

SECTION—A

Answer *twenty* questions, selecting any *four* from each Unit : 1×20=20

Unit—I

1. When did the French Revolution take place?
2. Against which country did Napoleon adopt the Continental System?
3. Which battle did put on end to Napoleon's career?
4. With which country did Napoleon fight in Waterloo?
5. When did Napoleon become the French Emperor?

Unit—II

6. When was the Vienna Congress held?
7. Where is Vienna located?

8. Who was the ruler of France during the Revolution of 1830?
9. Who was made the ruler of France after the Revolt of 1830?
10. When did Metternich resign from the post of Chancellor of Austria?

Unit—III

11. When was the Franco-Prussian War fought?
12. By whom was the Young Italy formed?
13. Who was the main architect of the Italian Unification?
14. With whom did Italy sign the Pact of Plombières?
15. What was the title of the rulers of Germany?

Unit—IV

16. Which was the first European War fought after the Vienna Congress?
17. Which nation was known as the Sick Man of Europe?

18. Who was the French king during the Crimean War?
19. By which treaty was the Crimean War concluded?
20. By whom was the Congress of Berlin presided over?

Unit—V

21. When was the Dual Alliance between Germany and Austria signed?
22. Name a member of the Triple Entente.
23. When did Kaiser William II ascend the throne?
24. Who was Franz Ferdinand?
25. In which years USA joined in the First World War?

SECTION—B

Answer *five* questions, selecting *one* from each

Unit :

2×5=10

Unit—I

26. When and where was Napoleon born?

27. Why did Napoleon start the Continental System? Give two reasons.

Unit—II

28. Name two leading personalities in the Congress of Vienna.
29. Mention two effects of the French Revolution of 1848.

Unit—III

30. With which countries did Prussia fight before her unification?
31. Name two leaders of the Italian Unification Movement.

Unit—IV

32. Which Turkish areas were occupied by Russia on the eve of the Crimean War?
33. Name two countries which came to the help of Turkey when she was attacked by Russia in 1853.

Unit—V

34. Alliance with which two powers was emphasized by Kaiser II?
35. Name two members of the Triple Alliance.

SECTION—C

Answer *five* questions, selecting *one* from each

Unit :

8×5=40

Unit—I

36. Review the results of the French Revolution.
37. What were the causes of the downfall of Napoleon?

Unit—II

38. Discuss the main provisions of the Congress of Vienna.
39. Discuss the causes and results of the July Revolution of 1830.

Unit—III

40. Give an account of the Unification of Germany.
41. Write a note on the home policy of Bismarck.

Unit—IV

42. Discuss the causes of the Crimean War.
43. Write a note on the Congress of Berlin.

Unit—V

44. Discuss the circumstances leading to the formation of Triple Alliance.
45. Trace out the causes of the First World War.

OPTION—D

Course No. : HISDSE-501T (D)

[**Political History of Modern Europe**
(15th-18th Century)]

SECTION—A

Answer *twenty* questions, selecting any *four* from
each Unit : 1×20=20

Unit—I

1. What was the major political system in Europe during the 15th century?
2. What triggered the feudal crisis in Europe during the 15th century?
3. Which European countries were most affected by the feudal crisis in the 15th century?
4. Which social class gained power as a result of the feudal crisis in the 15th century?
5. When did the Hundred Years' War start?

Unit—II

6. Name one City-State of Italy.
7. When did the Italian Wars occur?
8. Who established a classic absolutist monarchy in France?
9. Name one City-State of England.
10. When did the English Civil War start?

Unit—III

11. What was the Petition of Right?
12. Which countries were involved in the Thirty Years' War?
13. Who were the major players in the Peace of Westphalia?
14. When did the Thirty Years' War take place?
15. Who were the key figures in the English Civil War?

Unit—IV

16. Who was the most famous absolutist ruler of Prussia in the 18th century?
17. What was the name of the Prussian bureaucracy that helped the king to rule?
18. Who was the first Russian Emperor?
19. Did England have an absolute State in the 18th century?
20. When did the Glorious Revolution occur?

Unit—V

21. What were the three Estates in France before the Revolution?
22. What was the Storming of the Bastille?
23. Who was Robespierre?
24. On what principle was voting conducted in the Estates General?
25. What was the Estates General?

SECTION—B

Answer *five* questions, selecting *one* from each

Unit :

2×5=10

Unit—I

26. What role did monarchs play in addressing the feudal crisis?
27. How did the Black Death and the Hundred Years' War contribute to the political decline of feudalism?

Unit—II

28. What were the major City-States in Renaissance Italy?
29. Who were the Catholic monarchs known for unifying Spain?

Unit—III

30. What were the key events of the English Civil War?
31. Who signed the Petition of Right and when?

Unit—IV

32. What was the Glorious Revolution?
33. What was the Bill of Rights?

Unit—V

34. What is the absolute State in the context of French history?
35. Who was Louis XIV?

SECTION—C

Answer *five* questions, selecting *one* from each
Unit :

8×5=40

Unit—I

36. What were the main political causes of the feudal crisis?
37. How did the feudal crisis contribute to the Hundred Years' War?

Unit—II

38. Explain the causes and consequences of the English Civil War in the context of the struggle for power between the Monarchy and Parliament.

39. How did the Italian Wars impact the balance of power among Italian City-States and European monarchies?

Unit—III

40. How did the Treaty of Westphalia impact the balance of power in Europe?
41. Discuss the causes and impact of the Thirty Years' War.

Unit—IV

42. What were the key factors that contributed to the rise of absolutism in Prussia?
43. What were the key features of the English constitutional monarchy?

Unit—V

44. What were the main social and economic factors that contributed to the crisis of the absolute State in France?
45. What role did Enlightenment ideas play in challenging the absolute monarchy in France?

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